

# **KWS IGOR**



### First-class in terms of yield.

	KWS Igor
Grain Yield	
Fungicide-treated (10.1 t/ha)	103
Disease Resistance	
Brown rust (1-9)	3
Agronomic Features	
Lodging (%)	[9]
Straw length (cm)	131
Ripening (days +/- SU Performer)	0
Grain Quality	
Protein content (%)	8.6
Hagberg Falling Number	236
Specific weight (kg/hl)	75.4

All data taken from **AHDB Winter rye descriptive list 2025/256** unless otherwise stated



KWS Igor is one of our highest yielding varieties with medium straw strength. KWS Igor also has improved ergot resistance thanks to PollenPLUS technology.

#### **Characteristics/Quality**

- Dual purpose grain and wholecrop
- High yielding

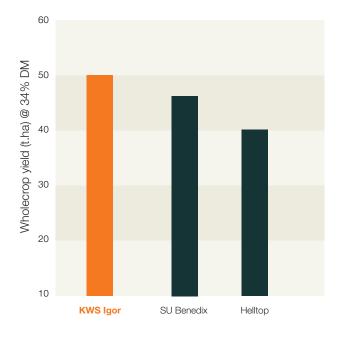
KWS Igor is characterized by a very high yield, topping the charts at 104%. KWS Igor has a relatively short straw and medium to good straw strength.

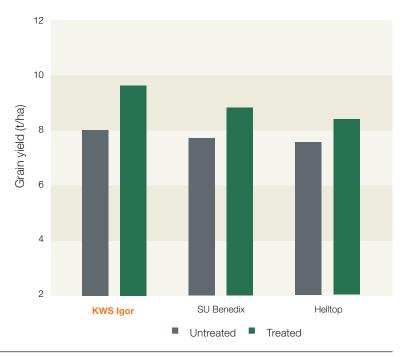
KWS Igor has a good all-round resistance against the most widespread leaf diseases. It also has improved resistance to ergot thanks to PollenPLUS technology.



### **KWS IGOR** yield performance

An Agrii winter rye trial showed KWS Igor to have a good wholecrop yield as well as strong untreated and treated grain yields, potentially making it a good dual purpose variety.





Data Source: Agrii Winter Rye Trials Data Harvest 2023



## What can hybrid rye offer growers?

KWS Group is the leading breeder of hybrid rye, with a long term hybrid breeding programme established in the mid-1980s. We offer varieties for wholecrop (as silage, or AD/biogas feedstock) or grain production (for feed grain, flour and distilling). KWS believes this highly productive cereal offers new perspectives for farmers and end-users alike. Thanks to its adaptability, hybrid rye has the potential to slot into most farming rotations.



Learn more about our portfolio by scanning the QR code

Advantages of hybrid rye include:

- High yield potential
- Good 2<sup>nd</sup> or 3<sup>rd</sup> cereal option
- Higher straw yields compared to wheat or barley
- 25% lower water requirement than winter wheat
- Less nitrogen inputs
- Extensive rooting system
- Grassweed competition
- Low-risk from take-all and eyespot
- Multiple markets

